Parashah 12 Vayechi וַיִּחִי



Torah: B'resheet (Genesis) 47:28 – 50:26 Haftarah: M'lakhim Alef (1 Kings) 2:1-12 B'rit Hadashah: Yochanan (John) 13:1-19

	year 1 47:28-48:22	<i>year2</i> 49:1-26	year3 49:27-50:26
1	47:28 - 31	49:1 - 4	49:27 - 30
2	48:1 - 3	49:5 - 7	49:31 - 33
3	48:4 - 9	49:8 - 12	50:1 - 6
4	48:10 - 13	49:13 - 15	50:7 - 9
5	48:14 - 16	49:16 - 18	50:10 - 14
6	48:17 - 19	49:19 - 21	50:15 - 20
7	48:20 - 22	49:22 - 26	50:21 - 26

and Jacob lived in the land of Egypt seventeen years and the days of Jacob the years of his life were one hundred and forty-seven years va'yekhi Ya'aqóv be'éretz Mitzráyim sh'va' esréh shanah va'yehiy ye'méy Ya'aqóv sh'néy khayav shéva' shaniym ve'arbaiym u'me'at shanah

וּוִיְחִי יַצְּלָב בְּאֶרֶץ מִצְרַיִם שְׁבַע עֶשְׂרֵה שָׁנָה וַיְהִי יְמֵי־יַצְלְב שְׁנֵי חַיָּיו שֶׁבַע שָׁנִים וְאַרְבָּעִים וּמְאַת שָׁנָה:

Aliyah Highlights

- 1. Gen. 47:28-31 Ya'aqov's spirit was revived. He lives to $147=7^2x3$ (Yitz'khaq $180=6^2x5$, Avraham $175=5^2x7$). Ya'aqov makes Yosef swear to bury him in Machpelah (as will Yosef with his brothers Ge. 50:25).
- 2. Gen. 48:1-3 First biblical mention of illness. El Shaddai (God-sufficient, mountain/rock, breast אֵל שַׁדִּי) one of 9 Torah occurrences, references pre-Moshe. Luz (אֵל שַׁדִּי) was the original name for Beit El (בֵּית אֵל) where Ya'aqov's name was changed to Yisra'el and the promises made to Avraham and Yitz'khaq were reiterated.
- 3. Gen. 48:4-9 Ya'aqov summarizes those promises (Ge. 35:11-12), establishing legal precedent to impart blessing and the land as an everlasting possession (akhuzat olam בּוֹחַבְּהַ בּּוֹחָבְּּבְּׁ). He begins very specific declarations to formally adopt Yosef's two sons, mentioning the younger son first. It is possible that by remembering Rakhel, Ya'aqov connects the adopted sons as an expression of those she could have had if she survived the birth of Binyamin (Ge. 35:19). He misses her. Her tomb became a famous landmark (1Sa. 10:2, c. 1020 BC). Ya'aqov's question ("whose are these?") is likely a part of the legal adoption process, establishing their true identity in the presence of their natural father, recalling his own circumstances (Ge. 27:18).
- 4. Gen. 48:10-13 The verbs "kissed" (nashaq בְּשֵׁק) and "embraced" (khavaq הָבֶּק) appear together only two other times but in the opposite order. Here, they reinforce the spoken declarations of adoption. The concept of bearing children and "knees" is legitimacy and acceptance (Ge. 30:3). Yosef presents his two sons in birth order to receive their blessing.
- 5. **Gen. 48:14-16** This "laying on" (*shyt* הש") of hands is to establish/appoint, not the same verb as for offerings and ordination (Ex. 29:10, Nu. 27:18). This physical contact intimately communicates the connection between the bestower and the blessed. "Right" and "left" are used seven times (vs. 13-17) to emphasize how important this is to Yosef. Yosef is vicariously the recipient of Ya'aqov's blessing, as he was blessed by messenger (Ge. 31:3, 11, 13, 35:3, 32:27, 30

Parashah 12 Vayechi וַיִּחִי

- Hos. 12:5), and his name (*shem* 교병) perpetuated as fish (dag 고기)? through Ephraim and Menashe (De. 33:17, Jos. 17:14-18)
- **6. Gen. 48:17-19** Yosef attributes Ya'aqov's elevation of his younger son to his bad eyesight (Ge. 48:10) a reminder of the exploitation of his grandfather's Yitz'khaq's failing vision (Ge. 27:1-29).
- 7. Gen. 48:20-22 But <u>Yisra'el</u> envisions the future (De. 33:17, Jos. 17:14-18), not only for Yosef, but all of the brothers.

Theme

The passing of Ya'aqov/Yisra'el – Very few verses describe Avraham's (Ge. 25:7-10) and Yitz'khaq's (Ge. 35:28-29) deaths. Of the patriarchs, Ya'aqov uniquely dies in exile. This special circumstance results in exceptional requests and treatment. Two sets of 17 years (Ge. 37:2/47:28) connect the lives of Ya'aqov and Yosef (75 for Avraham and Yitz'khaq – Ge. 12:4, 21:5, 25:7). There is a divine element in all or our lifespans.

Thought Focus

Life after death: The story of Yosef began as "the history of Ya'aqov" (Ge. 37:2). Ya'aqov was a man of dreams upon leaving (Ge. 28:12) and returning to the land (Ge. 31:13) that was promised as an eternal inheritance to his fathers, Avraham and Yitz'khaq. Now, Ya'aqov will leave the promised land, never establishing a House of God there (Ge. 28:20-22), to finish his life in Egypt. Dreams, it seems, do not always come true as anticipated and not always within one's lifetime. Ya'aqov's story, then, is one of connecting with those who came before him, and those who will come after.

Daily Devotional questions for reflection and application

- 1. (47:28) Ya'akov and Yosef both expressed confidence in the after-life. What gets you through life's hardships? (Job 19:25-27, 1Co 15:13, 19-20, Gal 2:20, Eph 1;11-14)
- 2. (48:10) Are God's plans are hidden from your view? Why or why not? (Isa 6:10, Ecc 3:1-8, 2Co 6:2, Isa 49:8, Mat 11:15, Isa 55:6-7)
- 3. (48:17) Does God's right hand uphold you? (Psa 16:11, Psa 18:35, Psa 98:1, Exo 15:6, 1Ki 22:19, Isa 48:13, Isa 62:8, Mat 20:21-23, Act 7:55-56, Col 3:1-3)
- 4. (49:1) How do you express the hope that is in you regarding the "last days?" (Jer 46:28, Mic 4:1, Gen 49:10, Dan 12:4, Rev 10:4, 1Pe 3:15, 2Ti 4:2, Luk 12:12, Isa 2:1-4, Deu 29:29, Act 4:8-13)
- 5. (49:19) Does God reveal his word to you, instructing as to when to attack and when to defend? Do you ask Him for understanding? (Hab 3:16, Mat 16:18, Col 3:16, Deu 6:6-9, 2Ti 2:15)
- 6. (49:28) Are you comfortable with your place in the Kingdom of God? (Gal 3:28, 1Co 12:14-21, Rom 11:16-21, 1Co 7:17-24, Pro 27:8, Rom 12:3-8)
- 7. (50:21) Do you work from your worst fears, or your best hopes? (Joh 15:19, 13:34, Mat 28:20, Rev 17:14, Hag 2:4-7, 2Ch 20:14-17, Exo 14:13, 1Jo 4:4)